

EXPERIMENTAL EVALUATION OF MIMO & PHASED-ARRAY PROTOTYPE DEMONSTRATORS FOR EMERGING 5G APPLICATIONS

Host institution: **DELTA/Force, Hørsholm, DENMARK**

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Personal presentation

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ISAE-SUPAERO, Toulouse, France

National University of La Plata (UNLP), Argentina



- Background

- Flight Segment EMC Engineer

- Argentine Space Agency (CONAE)

- Radio Frequency Compatibility (RFC)
 - ESD at System and Sub-Assembly Level
 - Radiated and Conducted Emission/Susceptibility

- EMC Engineer

- EMC Laboratory of UNLP, Buenos Aires, Argentina

- Conducted EMC on electromedical and industrial devices



Motivation: MIMO and 5G

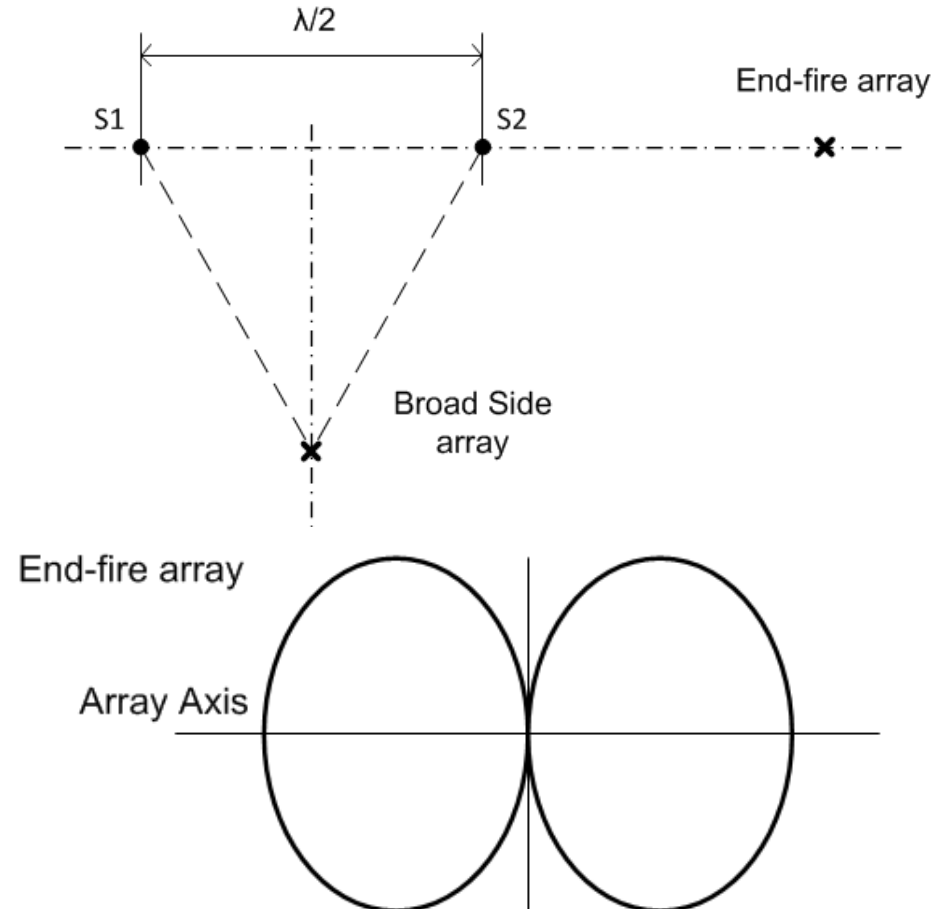
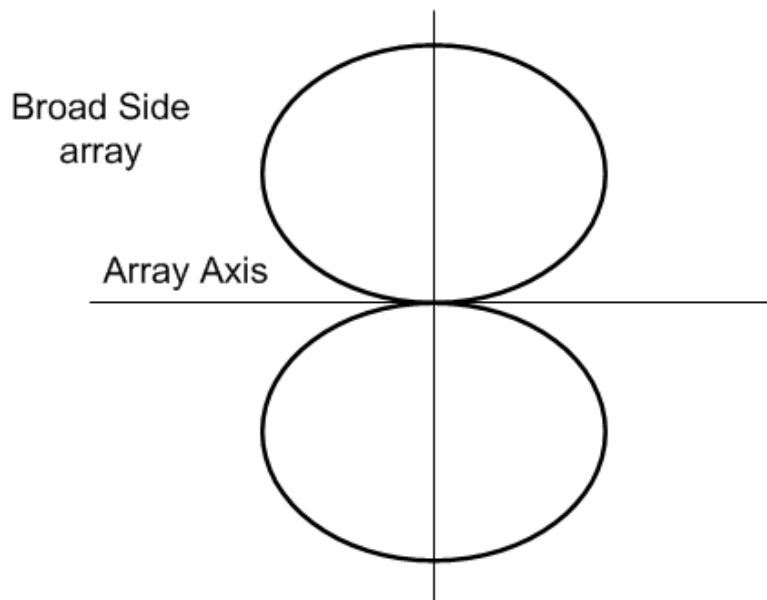
- Higher frequency (26 GHz – 30 GHz)
- Beam steering capability
- Densely integrated RF Modules
(PA + LNA + SW + Antenna Element, MMIC)
- Production testing becomes challenging (many parameters/scenarios)



Phased Array Basics

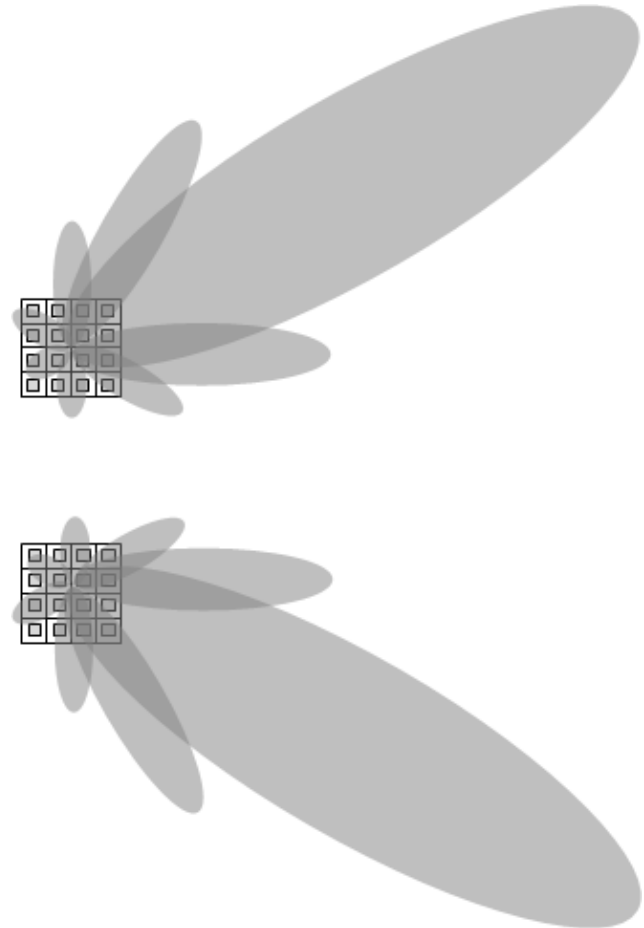
The contribution of each element to the Far Field emission can be modified by changing the Phase Delay (β) between their inputs

- Broadside Array (0)
- End-Fire Array ($\lambda/2$)
- Intermediate cases



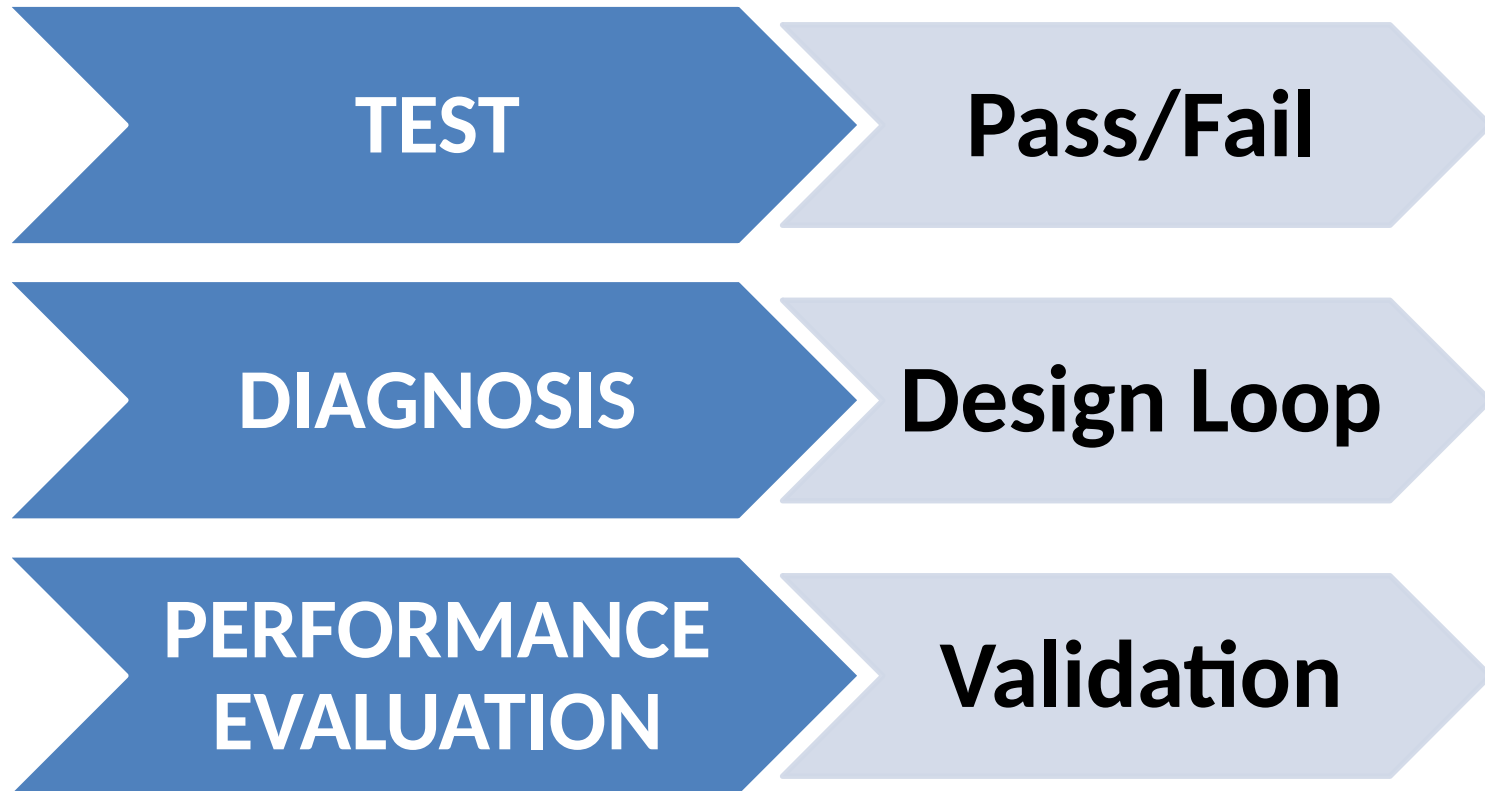
Phased Array Characterization

- Parameters
 - Gain
 - Phase
 - Compensation (LUT)
- Constraints
 - Representative operational modes?
 - Worst case scenario?



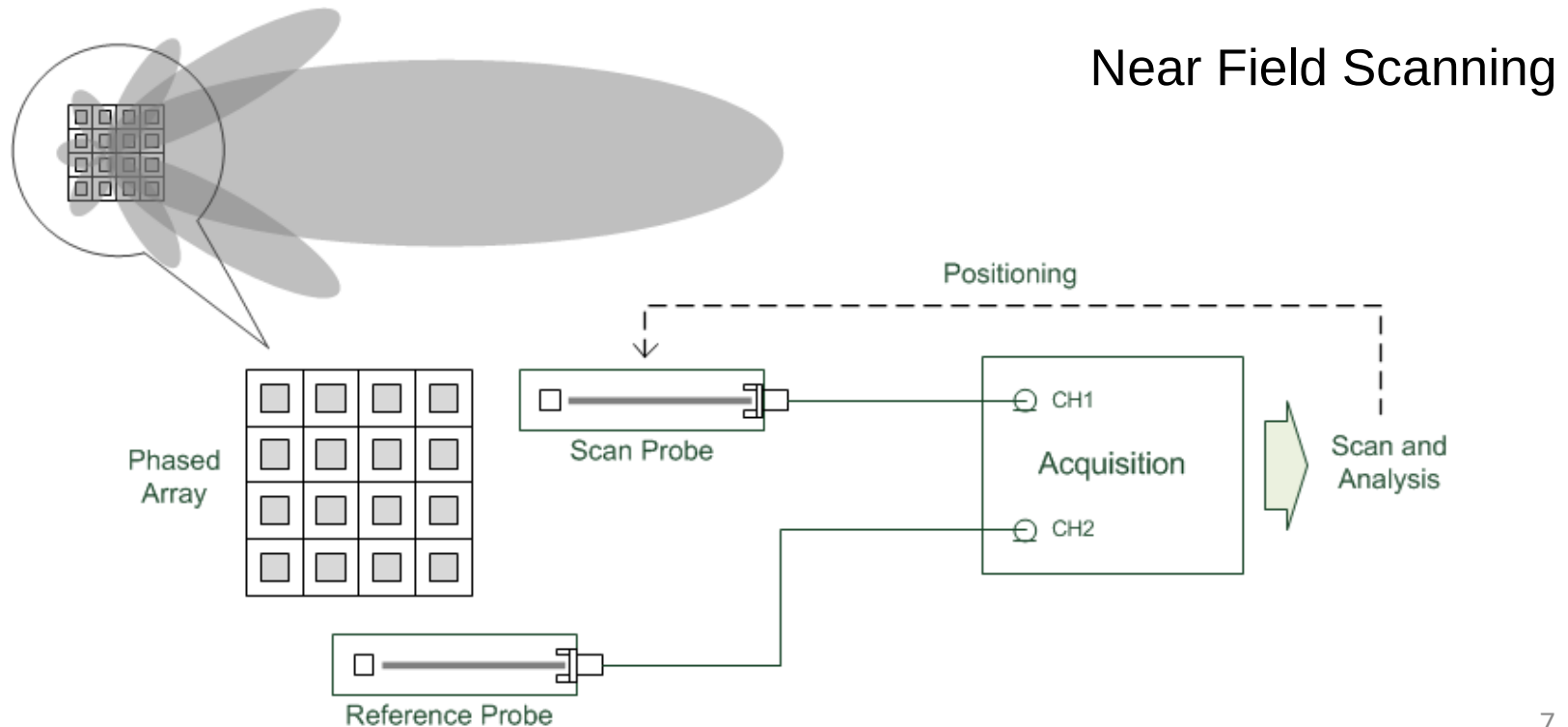
Scope – Phased Array V&V

- Device/Technology Verification & Validation
Highly integrated RF Devices – Phased Arrays



Evaluation and proposed method

- Near to far field transformation: necessary?
- Time Domain (Stochastic) / Frequency Domain?
- Measurement of individual element magnitude/phase?
- Alternative methods: Time and costs?

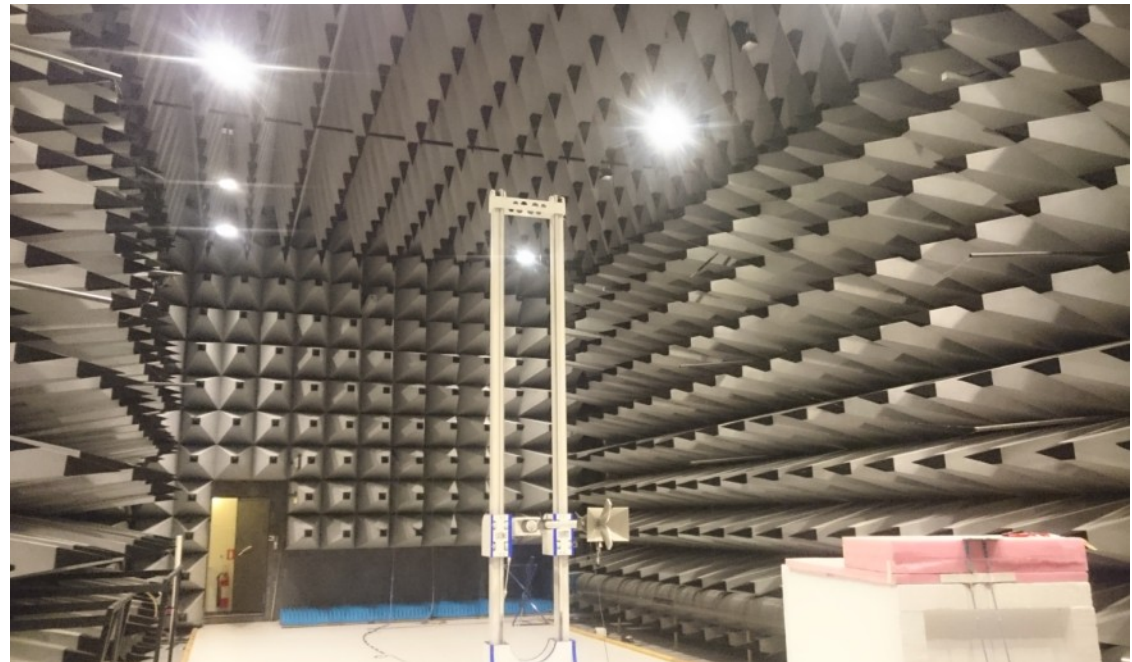


Preliminary Activities

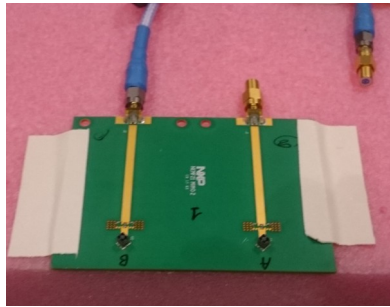
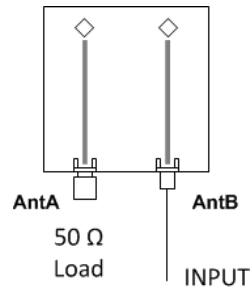
- Splitting and phase delay network characterization
- Individual antenna and array radiation pattern measurements (in Far Field)
- Acquisition + Processing SW evaluation using Stochastic Signal Source
 - Direct Input (Conducted)
 - 2 Probe Measurement (Radiated)
- DUT Setups (2.4 GHz – 5.8 GHz)
- Sensitivity evaluation (reference probe position, and scanning grid)

Preliminary activities

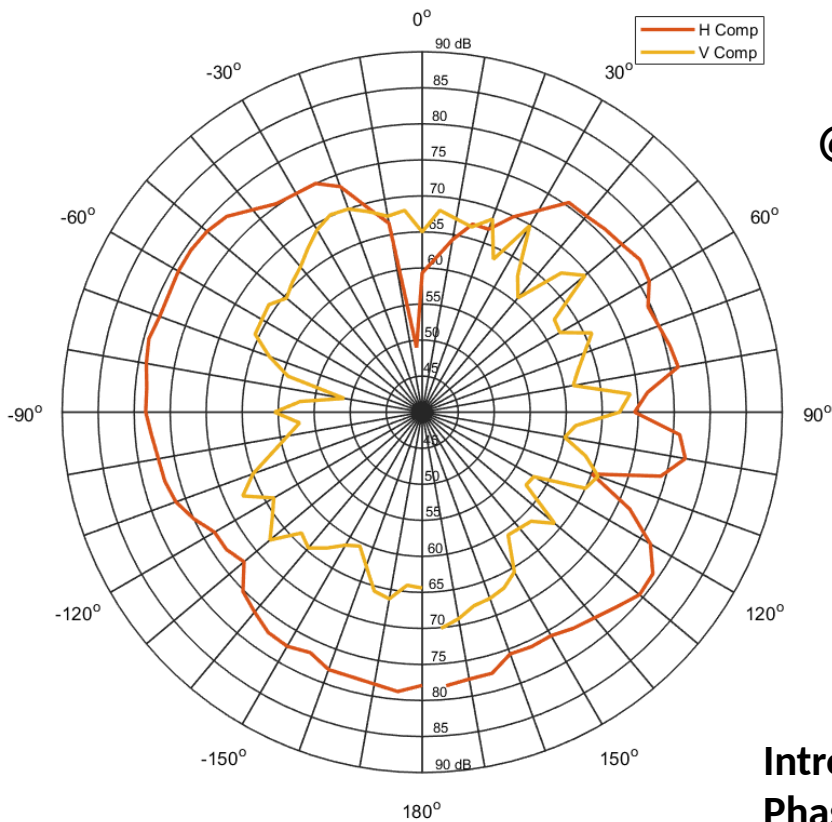
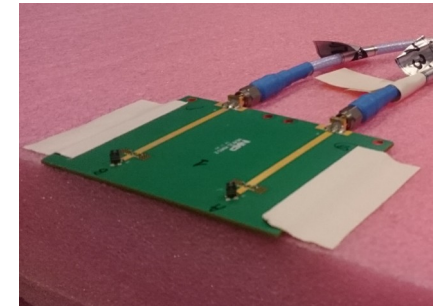
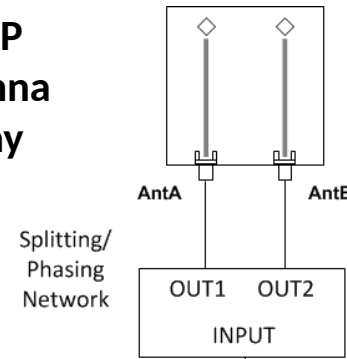
- Setups definition and characterization
 - Splitting and phasing
 - Antenna element and array measurements (radiation pattern)



LCP Antenna Array



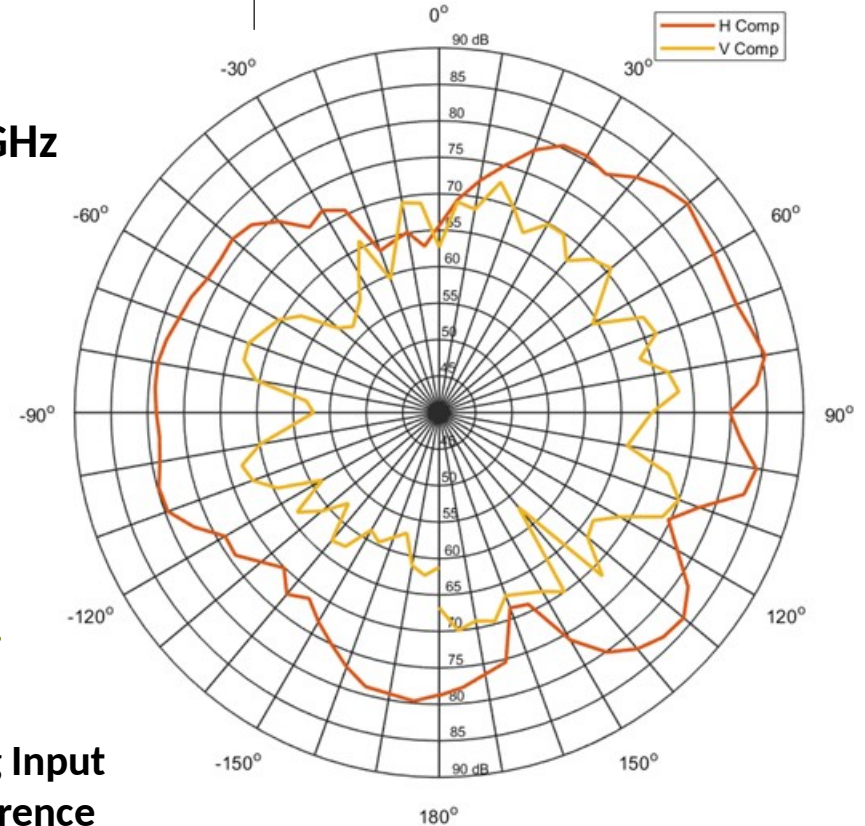
2xLCP Antenna Array



@ 2,4 GHz

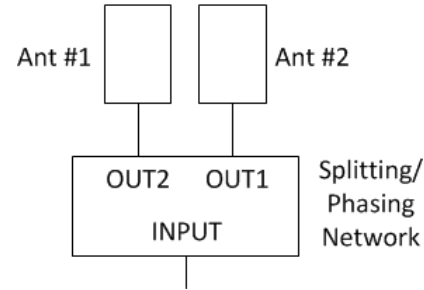
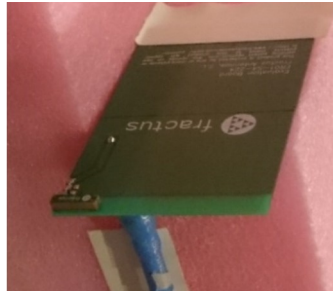


**Introducing Input
Phase Difference**

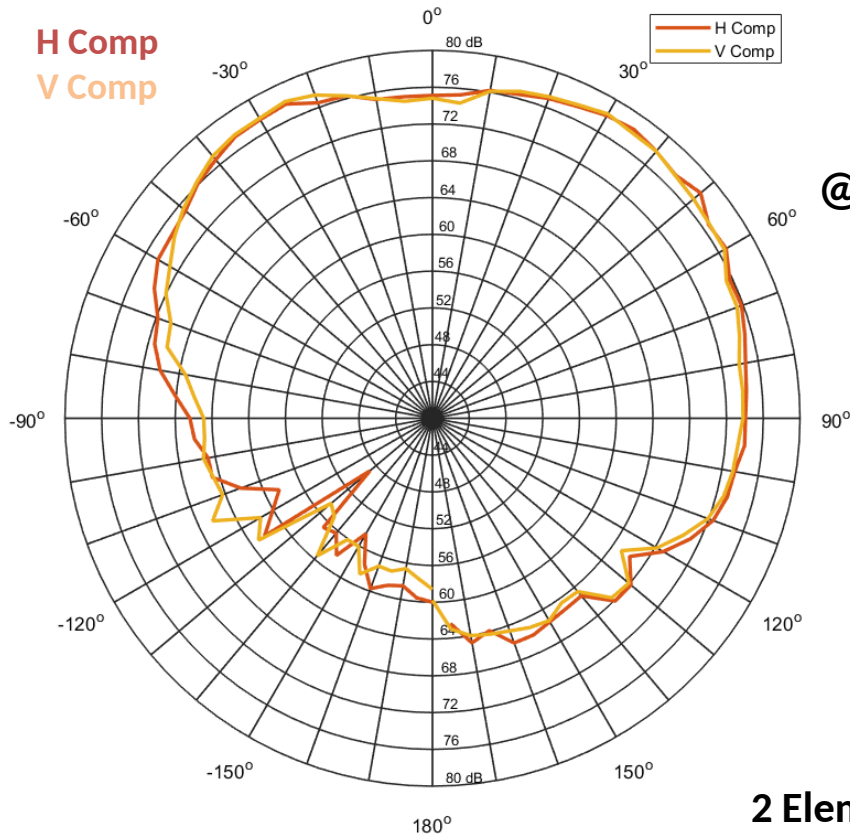


Fractus Antenna Array

Individual Antenna Element



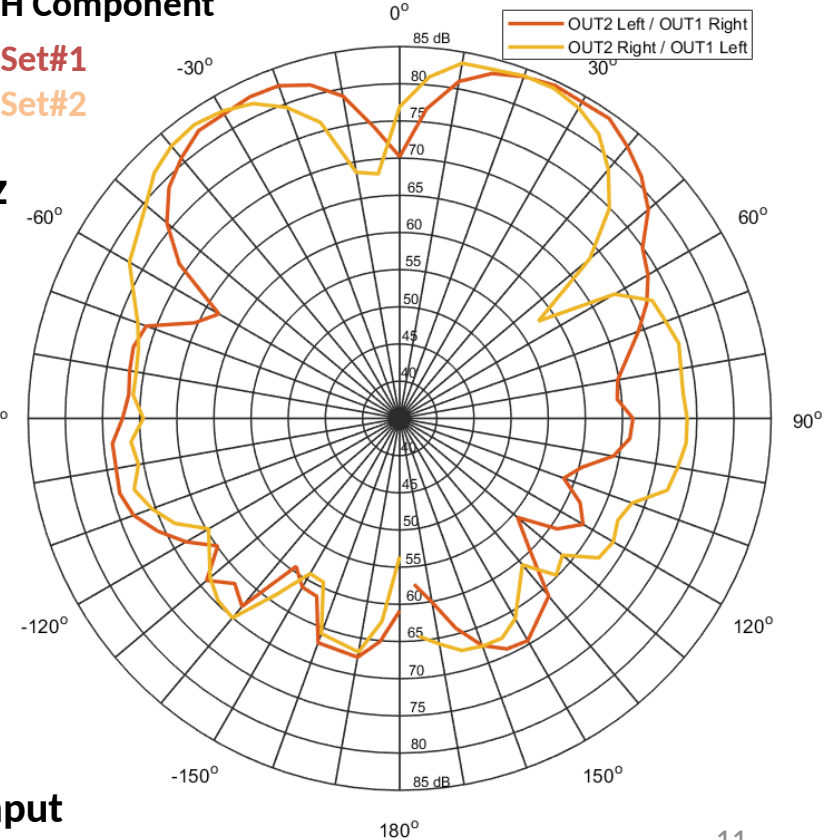
H Comp
V Comp



H Component

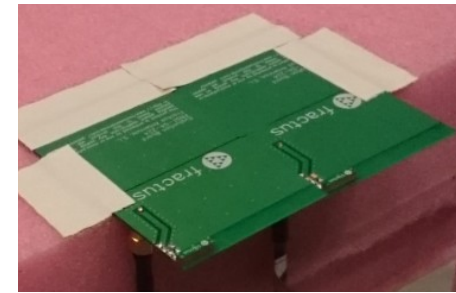
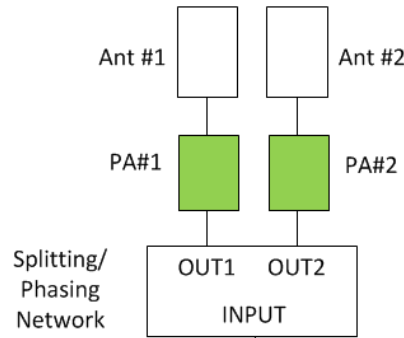
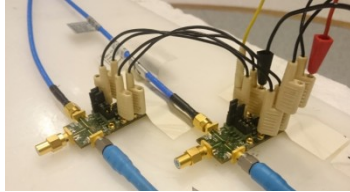
Set#1
Set#2

@ 5,8 GHz

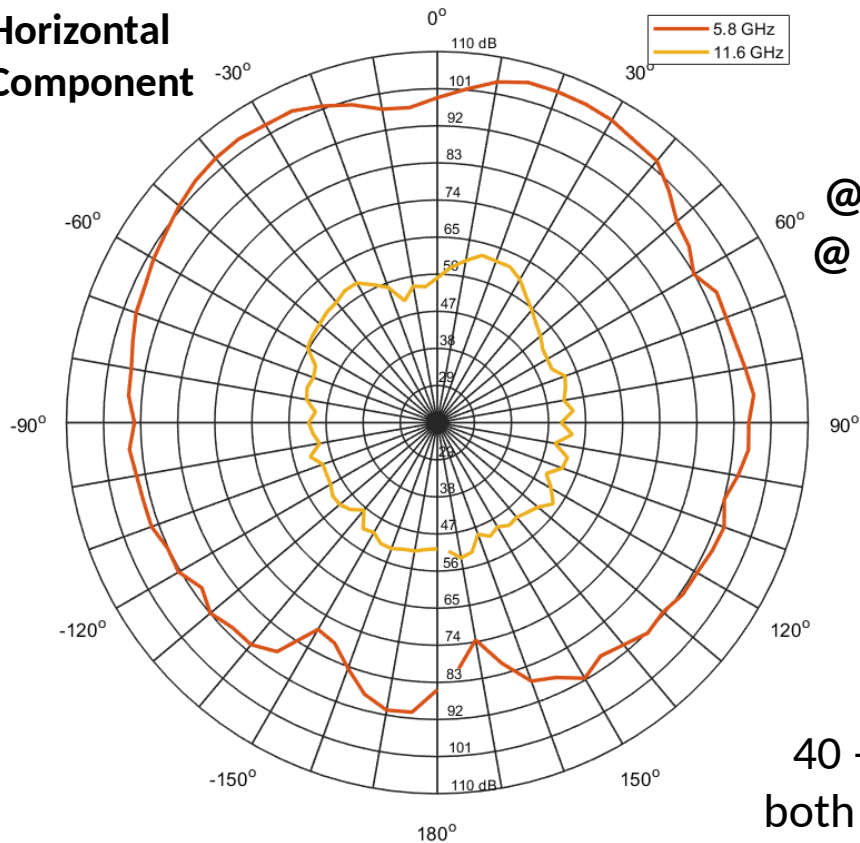


2 Elements + Input
Phase Difference

Fractus Antenna Array

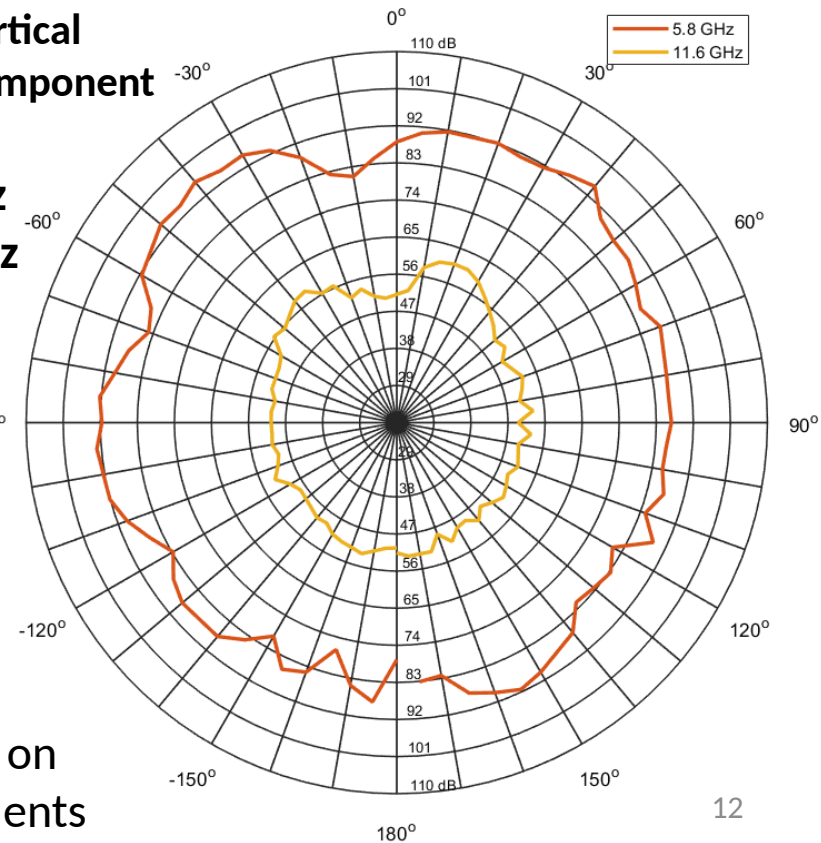


Horizontal Component



Vertical Component

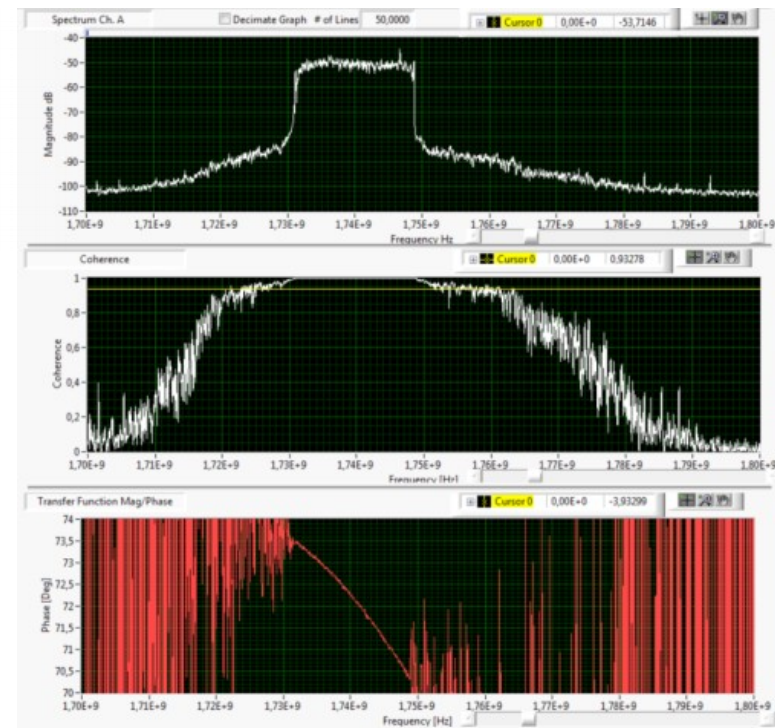
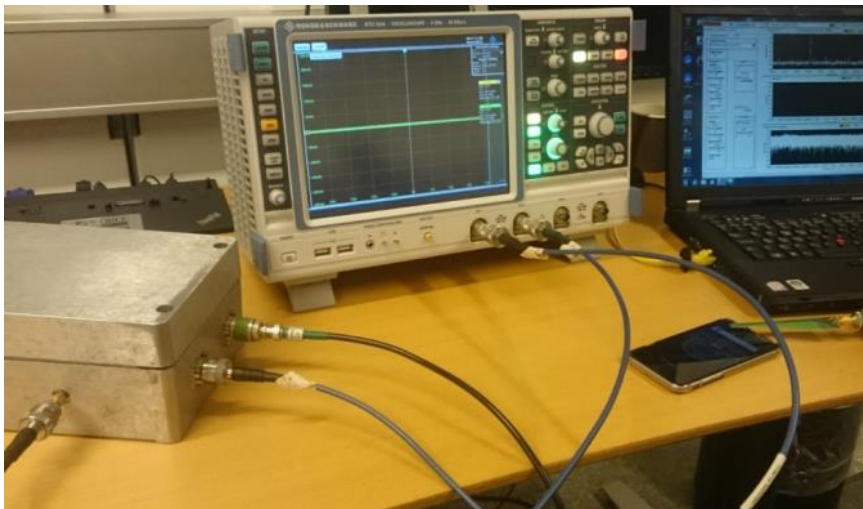
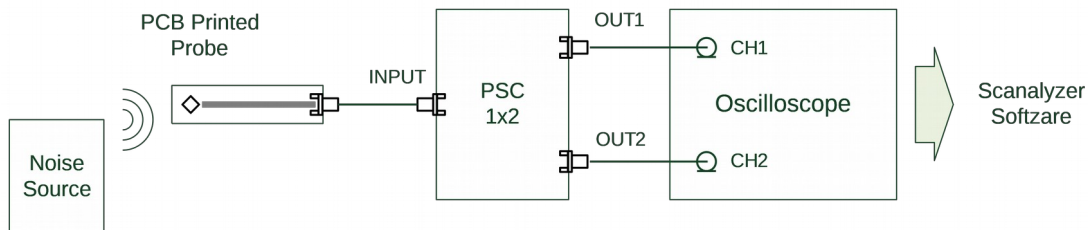
**@ 5,8 GHz
@ 11,6 GHz**



**40 – 50 dBc on
both components**

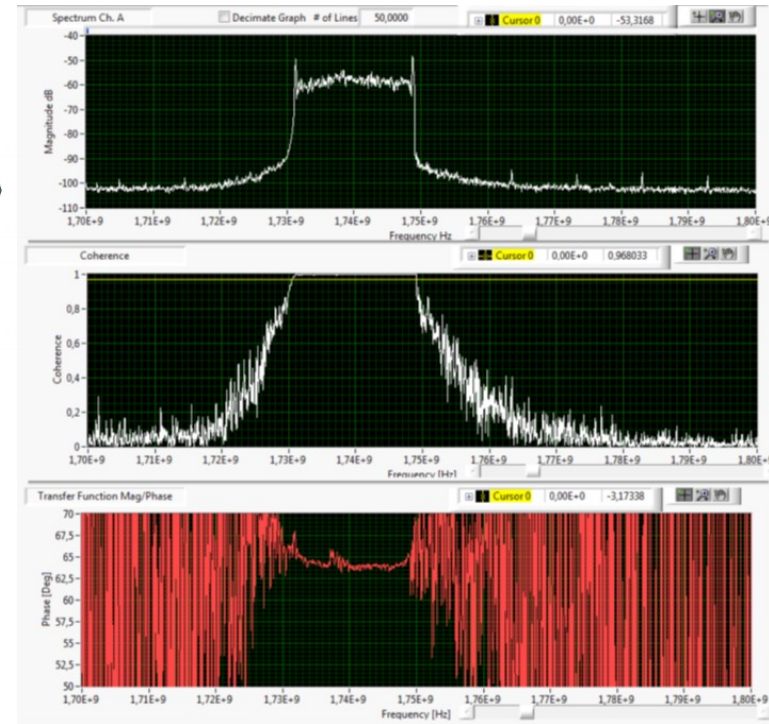
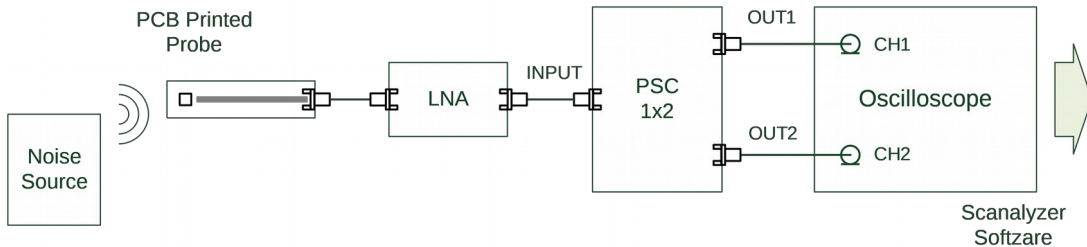
Preliminary activities

- Acquisition (TD) + Processing SW evaluation
 - Conducted measurements

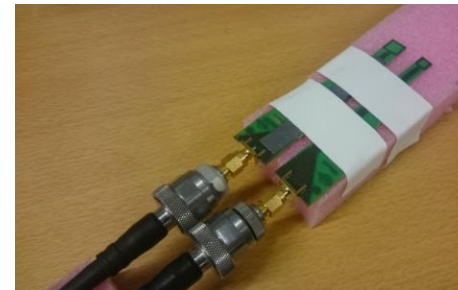
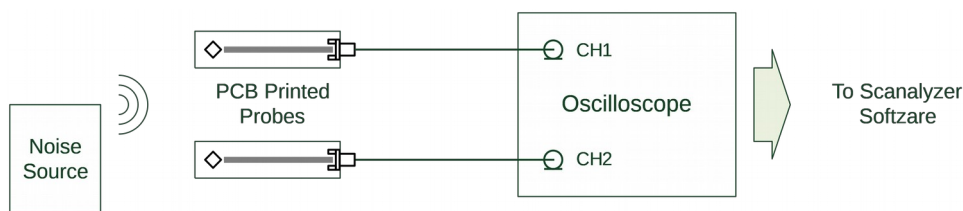


Preliminary activities

- Acquisition (TD) + Processing SW evaluation
 - Conducted measurements
 - Setup improvements (LNA)



- Radiated measurements
- Two Near Field probe setup

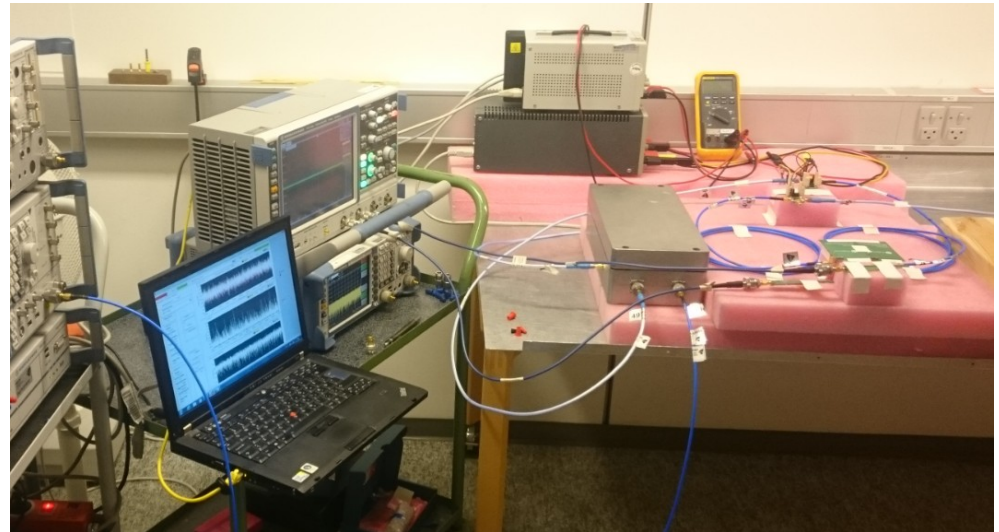


Near Field Scanning

Preliminary System Check

(2,4 GHz and 5,8 GHz Carrier, Digitally Modulated, PRBS)

Sensitivity evaluation

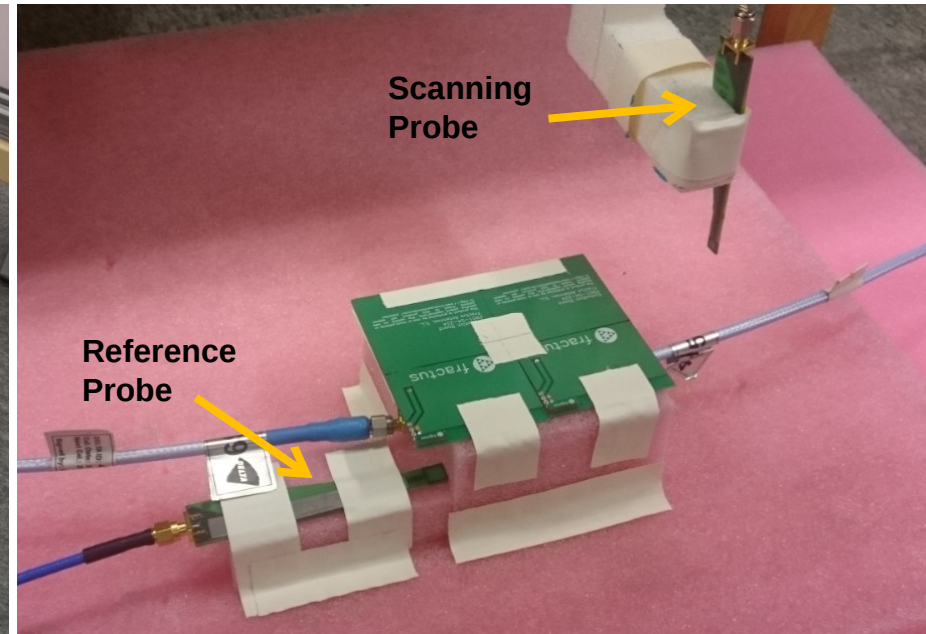
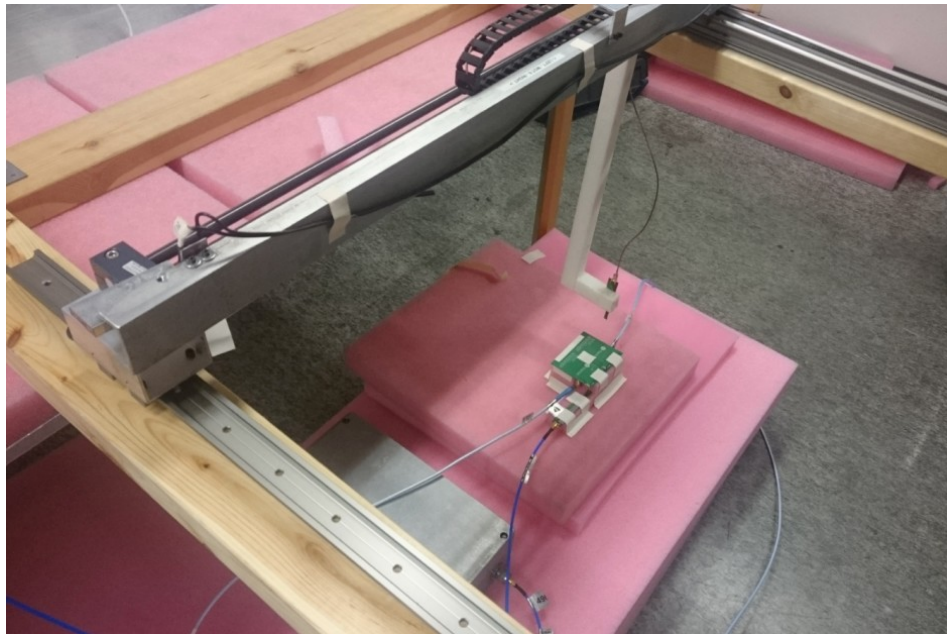


Two selected setups

- 2 x LCP Antenna elements, at 2.4 GHz.
- 2 x Fractus Antenna Evaluation Boards, at 2.4 GHz

Near Field Scanning

- Measurement setup:

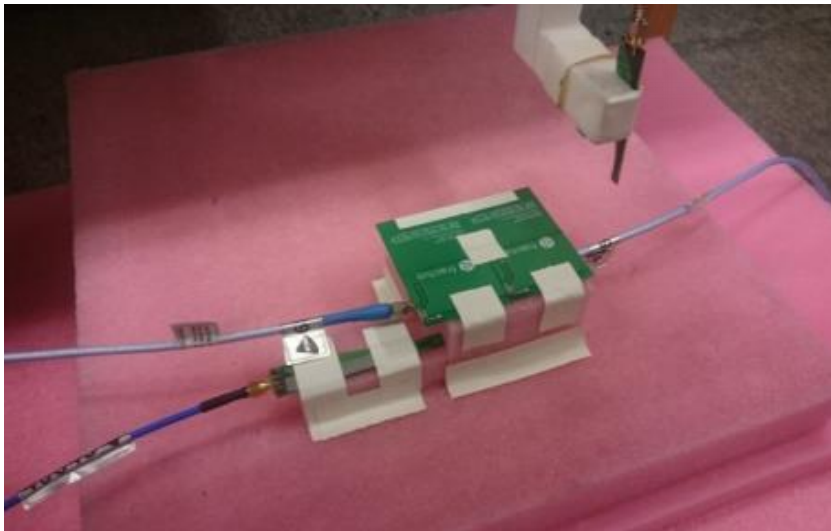
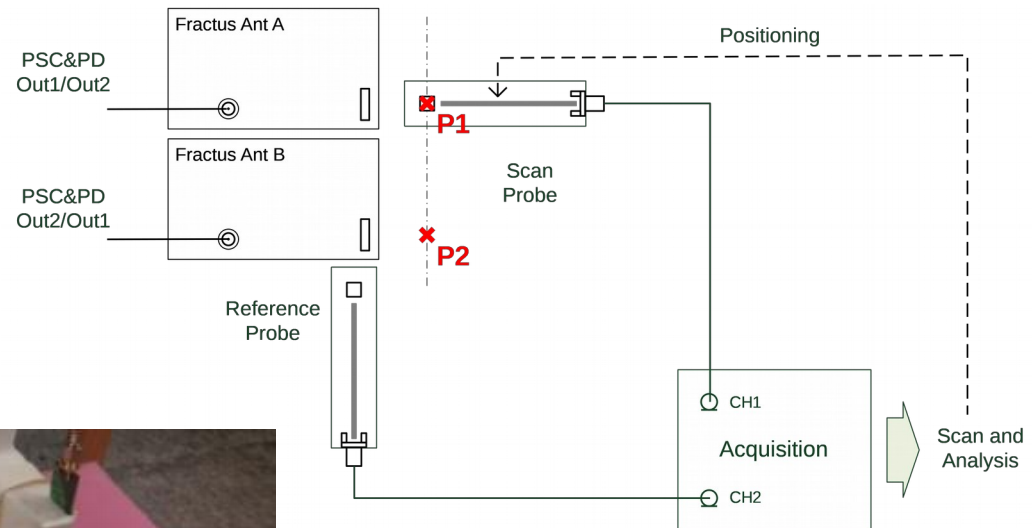


Reference Probe, Scanning Probe, DUT

Near Field Scanning

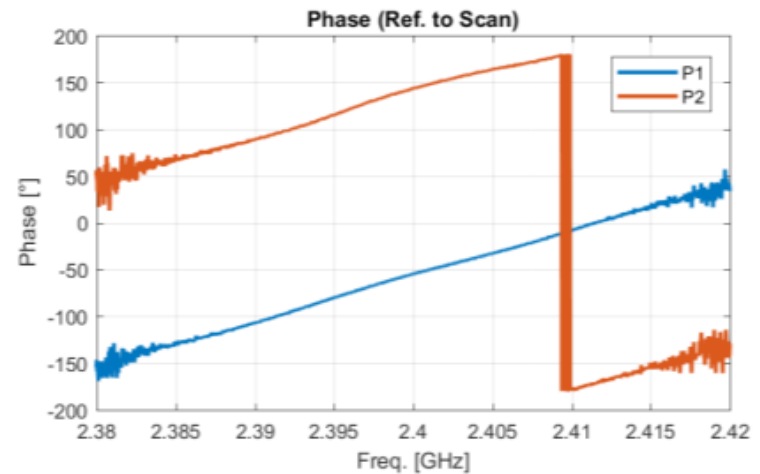
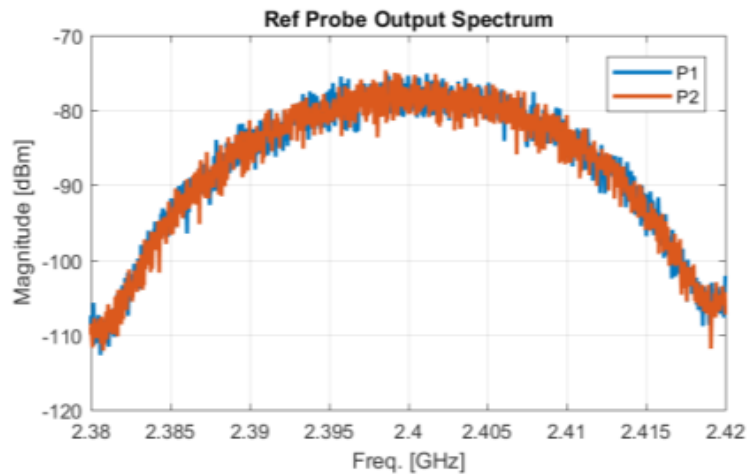
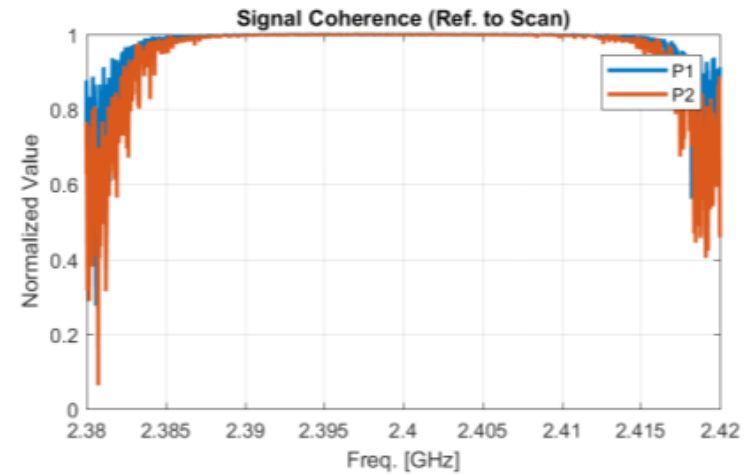
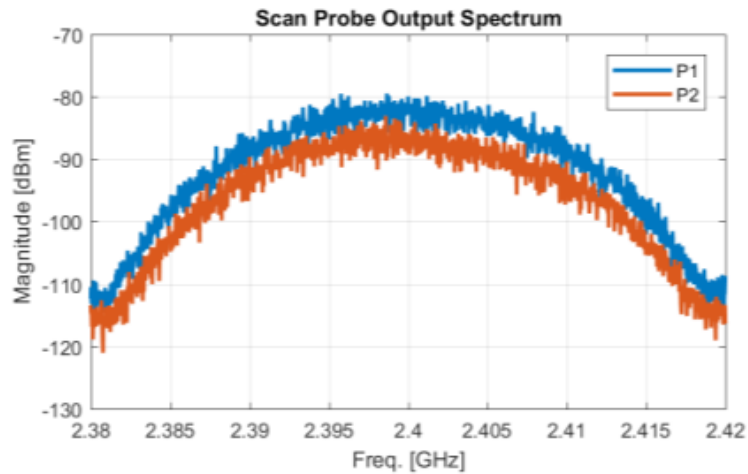
- 2 x Fractus Antenna Setup

4 measurement points, 2 cm separation from array edge, 2 setups (phase)



Results: 2 x Fractus Antenna Array

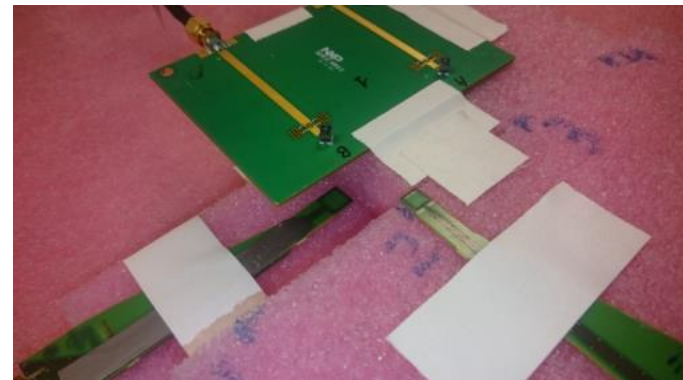
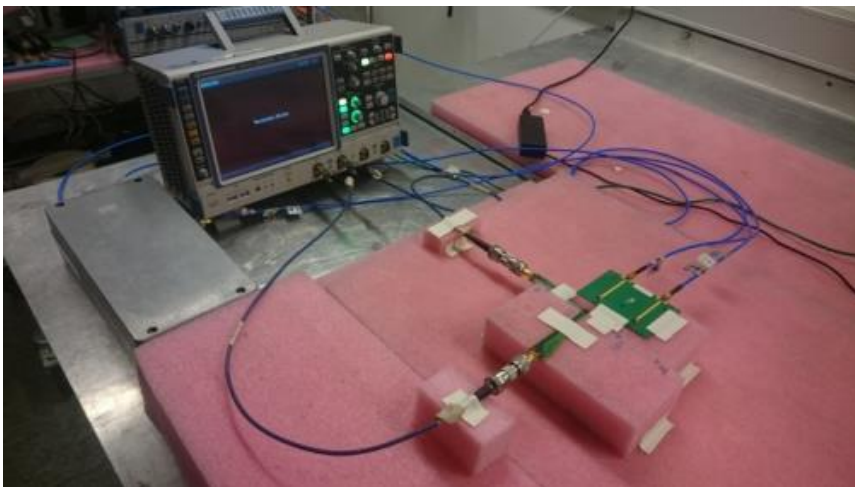
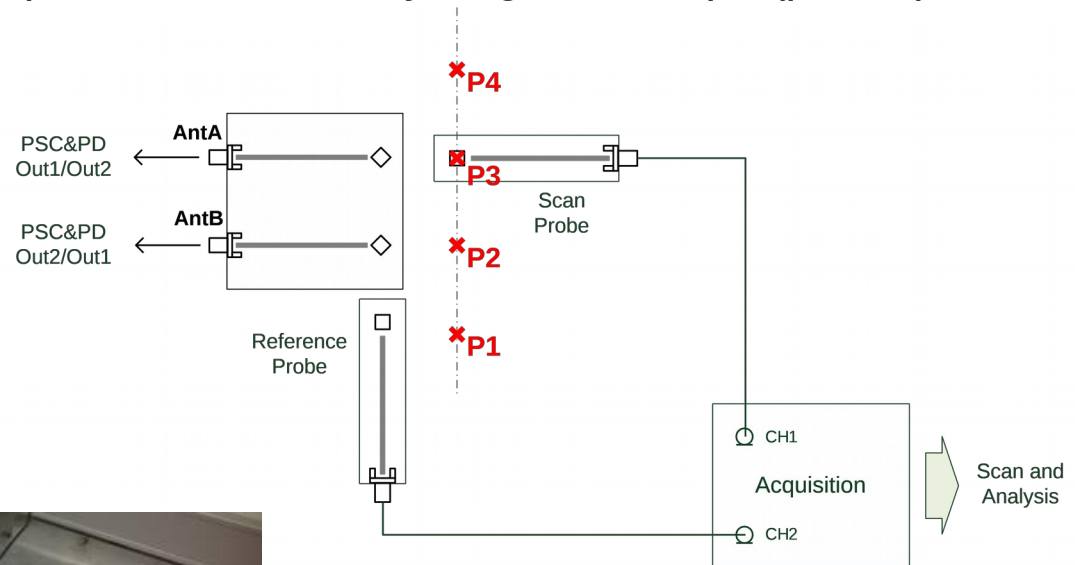
$$\text{Phase}(\text{AntB}) - \text{Phase}(\text{AntA}) = 143^\circ$$



Near Field Scanning

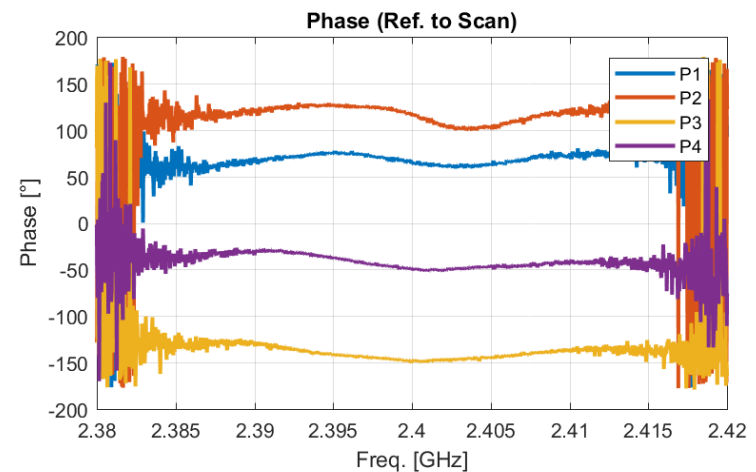
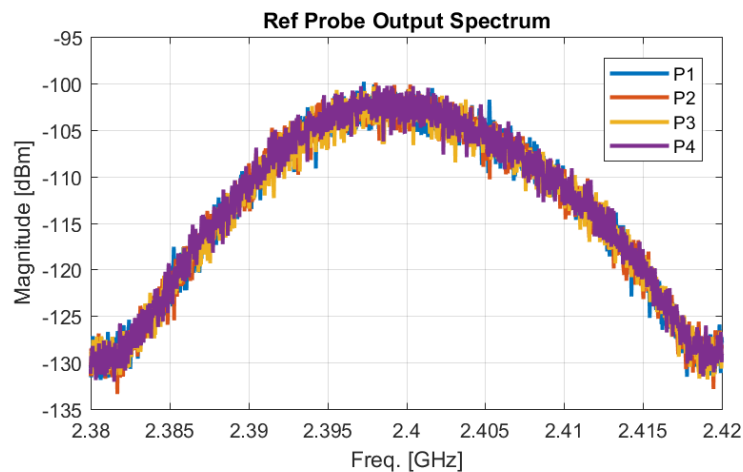
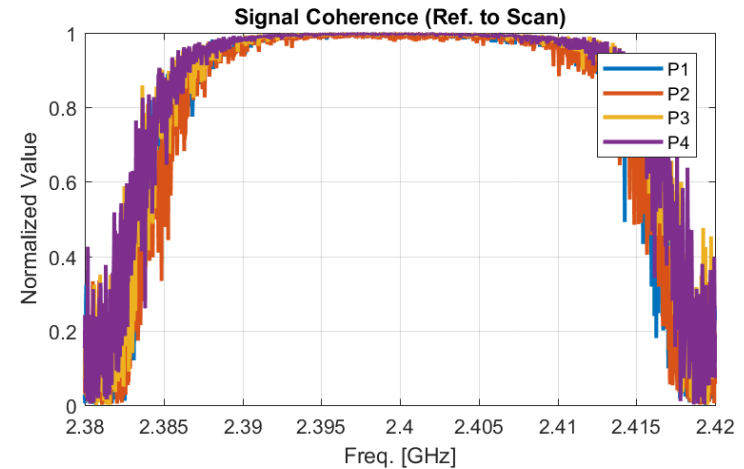
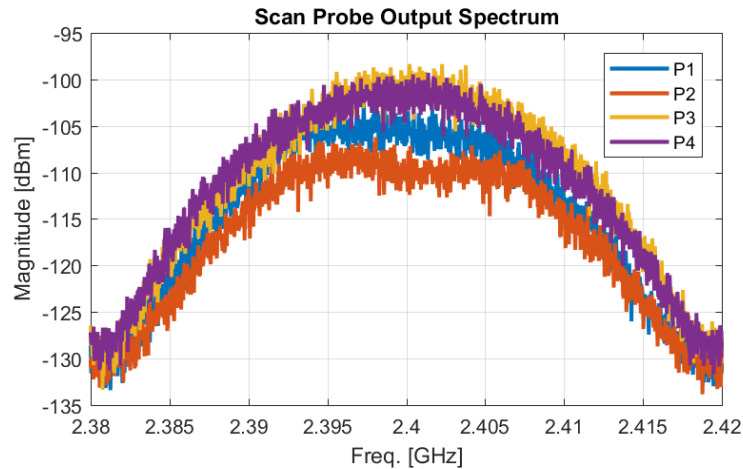
- 2 x LCP Antenna Setup

4 measurement points, 2 cm separation from array edge, 6 setups (phase)



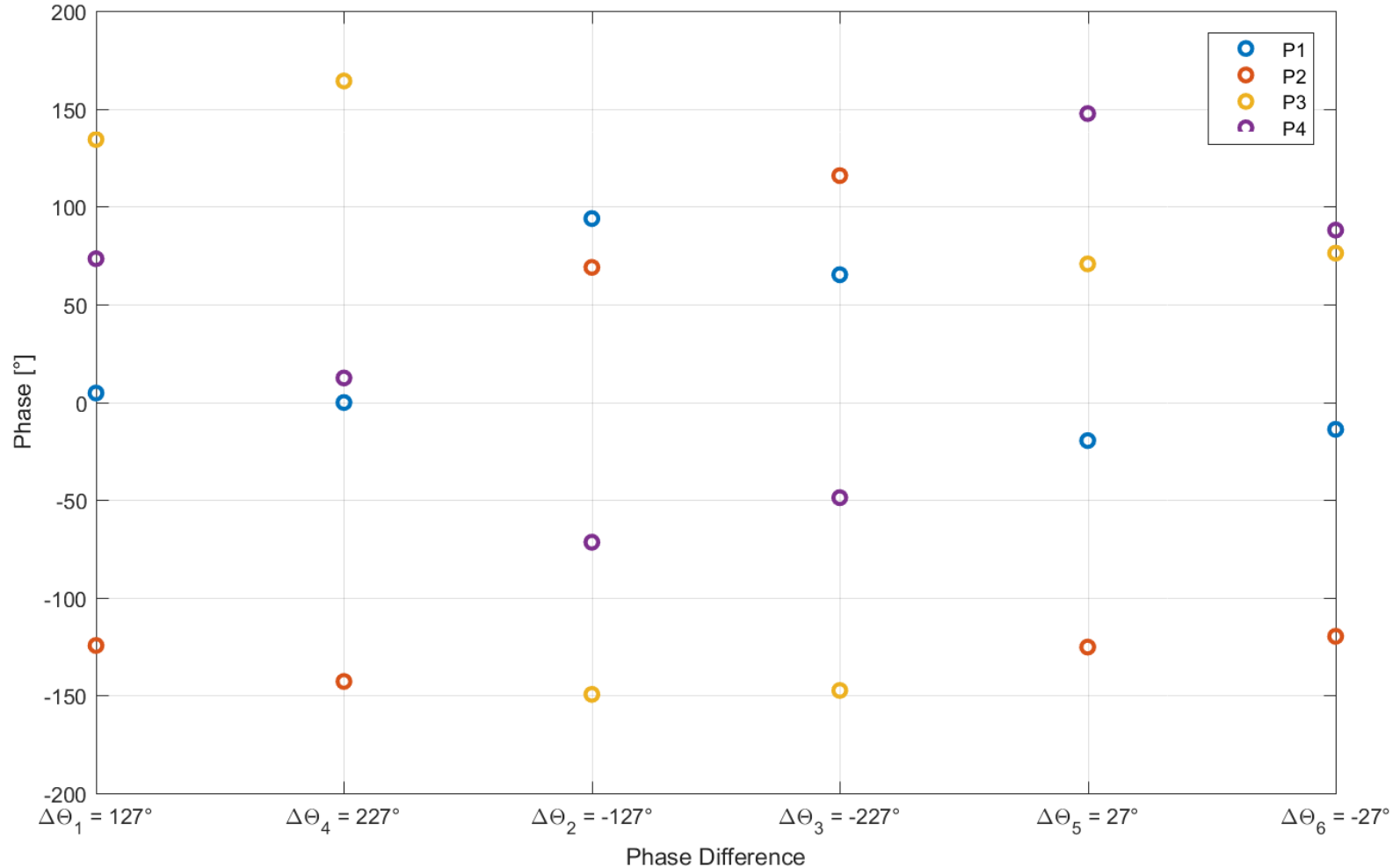
Results: 2 x LCP Antenna Array

Phase Diff = -227° (Phase Ant B – Phase Ant A)



Summary of results (LCP Array)

Summary of results for LCP Antenna Array, at 2,4 GHz



Conclusions

- A reduced phased array of 2 antenna elements was achieved and characterized (conducted and radiated)
- The measurement system (Acquisition + Processing) was verified to be suitable
- It was possible to detect the input phase variation in a contactless manner, by means of a random digitally modulated signal
(errors are to be evaluated)
- Sensitivity and spatial resolution will be **drivers** when moving to higher frequencies.

Next Steps and Future Actions

- Immediate next steps:
 - Measurement & Modelling
 - A simplified model using geometric optics is considered to initialize iterative process to obtain antenna input phase
 - EM Simulation /Measurement building probe de-embedding
 - Full characterization of the development array
(Next level of integration)
 - Scanner improvements
(RF Front End, probes, LNAs)
- Future actions:
 - Joint development of higher frequency scanner
 - Fully functional configurable phased array
 - Measurement scenarios evaluation (beam steering)

Thank you for your attention

Measurement System

- Near Field Scanner (DELTA)
 - 3 Axis Positioner
(X axis: 1/100 mm, Y axis: 1/1000 mm)
 - 2 Channel Time Domain Acquisition (Oscilloscope)
 - Near Field Probes: Reference and scanning
 - E-Field (monopole)
 - B-Field (square loop)
 - Scan and Analysis Software (DELTA Scanalyzer)